[~116H8639]

		•	(Original Signature of Member)
117TH CONGRESS	П	P	

IST SESSION ...

To authorize the Secretary of Health and Human Services to award grants to States and political subdivisions of States to hire, employ, train, and dispatch mental health professionals to respond in lieu of law enforcement officers in emergencies involving one or more persons with a mental illness or an intellectual or developmental disability, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms.	PORTER introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
	Committee on								

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Health and Human Services to award grants to States and political subdivisions of States to hire, employ, train, and dispatch mental health professionals to respond in lieu of law enforcement officers in emergencies involving one or more persons with a mental illness or an intellectual or developmental disability, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Mental Health Justice
- 3 Act of 2021".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 5 Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) Needless institutionalization (including in 7 psychiatric hospitals) of people with disabilities is 8 generally a violation of the Americans with Disabil-9 ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seg.), and the 10 failure to provide sufficient community-based serv-11 ices (such as supported housing, assertive commu-12 nity treatment, mobile crisis, peer support, and sup-13 ported employment) has resulted in needless institu-14 tionalization as well as incarceration of persons with mental illness or an intellectual or developmental 15 16 disability.
 - (2) In the landmark 1999 Supreme Court case Olmstead v. L.C., the Supreme Court ruled that the "unjustified institutional isolation of persons with disabilities is a form of discrimination" prohibited by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.).
 - (3) Regulations promulgated by the Attorney General in 1991 affirm that title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12131 et seq.) requires public entities to "administer serv-

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1	ices, programs, and activities in the most integrated
2	setting appropriate to the needs of qualified individ-
3	uals with disabilities" (28 C.F.R. 35.130(d)). The
4	regulation defines "the most integrated setting" as
5	one that "enables individuals with disabilities to
6	interact with nondisabled persons to the fullest ex-
7	tent possible" (28 C.F.R. pt. 35, App. B).
8	(4) Yet today, persons with a mental illness or
9	an intellectual or developmental disability are more
10	likely to be incarcerated and to be subject to exces-
11	sive use of force by law enforcement officers:
12	(A) One out of every four of the deaths
13	caused by law enforcement officers is a person
14	with mental illness.
15	(B) Persons with a mental illness or an in-
16	tellectual or developmental disability are often
17	charged with minor, nonviolent offenses. For
18	many of these persons, arrest and incarceration
19	could have been avoided if they had access to
20	intensive community-based services and stable
21	housing.
22	(5) Many of the police encounters that lead to
23	the incarceration (and in too many cases, death) of
24	people with mental illness or an intellectual or devel-
25	opmental disability could be avoided by having in

1	place systems that ensure that calls to 911 or to law
2	enforcement result in dispatch of mental health pro-
3	fessionals, peer support workers, or others rather
4	than law enforcement officers.
5	(6) Many people who are incarcerated would be
6	better served in community services. If there were
7	sufficient community services, and persons with
8	mental illness or an intellectual or developmental
9	disability were connected to those services rather
10	than being arrested, thousands of people with men-
11	tal illness or an intellectual or developmental dis-
12	ability would avoid needless admissions to hospitals
13	or jails. Further, jails and hospitals would experi-
14	ence less crowding.
15	SEC. 3. GRANTS FOR MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONALS TO
16	ACT AS FIRST RESPONDERS.
17	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
18	Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Sec-
19	retary"), acting through the Assistant Secretary for Men-
20	
20	tal Health and Substance Use and in consultation with
21	tal Health and Substance Use and in consultation with the Assistant Attorney General for the Civil Rights Divi-
21	the Assistant Attorney General for the Civil Rights Divi-

1	(1) to hire, employ, train, and dispatch mental
2	health professionals to respond in lieu of law en-
3	forcement officers in emergencies in which—
4	(A) an individual calling 911, 988, or an-
5	other emergency hotline states that a person—
6	(i) is in a mental health crisis; or
7	(ii) may have a mental illness or an
8	intellectual or developmental disability;
9	(B) a law enforcement officer or other first
10	responder identifies a person as having (or pos-
11	sibly having) a mental illness or an intellectual
12	or developmental disability; or
13	(C) a law enforcement officer or other first
14	responder identifies a person as being (or pos-
15	sibly being) under the influence of a legal or il-
16	legal substance;
17	(2) to include in the training for mental health
18	professionals pursuant to paragraph (1) training
19	in—
20	(A) the principles of deescalation and
21	antiracism; and
22	(B) age-appropriate techniques;
23	(3) to ensure that such mental health profes-
24	sionals link persons described in subparagraph (A),

1	(B), or (C) of paragraph (1) with voluntary commu-
2	nity-based services where appropriate; and
3	(4) to train the staff of dispatch centers regard-
4	ing the proper handling of a report of an emergency
5	described in paragraph (1), including training in the
6	principles of deescalation and antiracism referred to
7	in paragraph (2)(A).
8	(b) Delegation.—The Secretary shall delegate re-
9	sponsibility for carrying out the Secretary's responsibil-
10	ities under this section and section 4 to the Director of
11	the Center for Mental Health Services of the Substance
12	Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration.
13	(c) Additional Awards.—The Secretary shall
14	make an additional award of funds under this section each
15	fiscal year to grantees that demonstrate that their pro-
16	grams under this section resulted in—
17	(1) a notable reduction in the incarceration and
18	death of persons with mental illness or an intellec-
19	tual or developmental disability; or
20	(2) a notable reduction in the use of force by
21	police and a notable increase in referrals of persons
22	with a mental illness or intellectual disability to com-
23	munity-based, voluntary support services (other than
24	institutionalization or carceral support services).

1	(d) Priority.—In awarding grants under this sec-
2	tion, the Secretary shall give priority to States and polit-
3	ical subdivisions of States that—
4	(1) have high rates of arrests and incarceration
5	of persons with a mental illness or an intellectual or
6	developmental disability;
7	(2) commit to increasing resources for mental
8	health and community-based support services or so-
9	lutions for such persons; or
10	(3) include peer support specialists in their cur-
11	rent first responder model.
12	(e) Reporting.—
13	(1) By Grantees.—A recipient of a grant
14	under this section shall submit to the Secretary—
15	(A) a quarterly report on—
16	(i) the number and percentage of
17	emergencies where mental health profes-
18	sionals were dispatched in lieu of law en-
19	forcement officers pursuant to assistance
20	under this section;
21	(ii) such other matters as the Sec-
22	retary may require for determining wheth-
23	er the recipient should receive an addi-
24	tional award under subsection (c): and

1	(iii) any increase or decrease, com-
2	pared to any previous quarter, in incarcer-
3	ation or institutionalization as a result of
4	dispatching mental health professionals
5	pursuant to assistance under this section,
6	disaggregated to include data specific to
7	persons with intellectual and developmental
8	disabilities and mental illnesses where
9	available, so as—
10	(I) to provide a critical baseline
11	analysis; and
12	(II) to ensure that mental health
13	practitioners are not simply funneling
14	individuals into other institutionalized
15	settings; and
16	(B) a final report on the use of such grant.
17	(2) By Secretary.—Not later than 1 year
18	after awarding the first grant under this section,
19	and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit
20	to the Congress a report on the grant program
21	under this section.
22	(3) Disaggregation of data.—The reporting
23	pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) shall, to the ex-
24	tent determined by the Secretary to be applicable, be
25	disaggregated by age, gender, race, and ethnicity.

1	(f) REVOCATION OF GRANT.—If the Secretary finds,
2	based on reporting under subsection (e) or other informa-
3	tion, that activities funded through a grant under this sec-
4	tion are leading to a significant increase in incarceration
5	or institutionalization—
6	(1) the Secretary shall revoke the grant; and
7	(2) the grantee shall repay to the Federal Gov-
8	ernment any amounts that the grantee—
9	(A) received through the grant; and
10	(B) has not obligated or expended.
11	(g) Funding.—To carry out this section, there are
12	authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
1.0	aggrees for figured year 2022 and each subgroupert figured
13	essary for fiscal year 2022 and each subsequent fiscal
1314	year.
14	year.
14 15	year. SEC. 4. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR POLITICAL SUBDIVI-
14 15 16 17	year. SEC. 4. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OF A STATE.
14 15 16 17 18	year. SEC. 4. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OF A STATE. The Secretary of Health and Human Service, acting
14 15 16 17 18	year. SEC. 4. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR POLITICAL SUBDIVI- SIONS OF A STATE. The Secretary of Health and Human Service, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and
14 15 16 17 18	year. SEC. 4. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR POLITICAL SUBDIVI- SIONS OF A STATE. The Secretary of Health and Human Service, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use and in consultation with the Assistant At-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	year. SEC. 4. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR POLITICAL SUBDIVI- SIONS OF A STATE. The Secretary of Health and Human Service, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use and in consultation with the Assistant Attorney General for the Civil Rights Division of the Depart-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	year. SEC. 4. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR POLITICAL SUBDIVI- SIONS OF A STATE. The Secretary of Health and Human Service, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use and in consultation with the Assistant Attorney General for the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice, shall provide technical assistance to

1	in lieu of law enforcement officers, as described in section
2	3.
3	SEC. 5. STUDY.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
5	Human Services and the Assistant Attorney General for
6	the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice
7	shall conduct a study of the effectiveness of programs and
8	activities under sections 3 and 4.
9	(b) Qualitative and Longitudinal Examina-
10	TION.—The study under subsection (a) shall include a
11	qualitative and longitudinal study of—
12	(1) the number of persons diverted from ar-
13	rests; and
14	(2) short- and long-term outcomes for those
15	persons, including reduced recidivism, reduced
16	incidences of use of force, and reduced utilization of
17	resources.
18	(e) Completion; Report.—Not later than 3 years
19	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
20	Health and Human Services and the Assistant Attorney
21	General for the Civil Rights Division of the Department
22	of Justice shall—
23	(1) complete the study under subsection (a);
24	(2) submit a report to the Congress on the re-
25	sults of such study; and

11

1 (3) publish such report.